

Answers to INChO-2008 problems

Question No. 1

Subdivisions

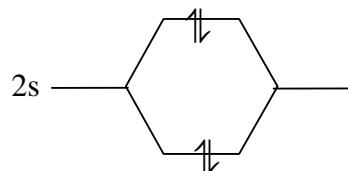
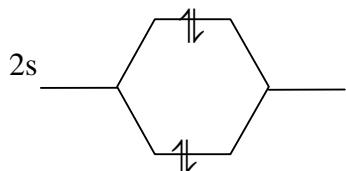
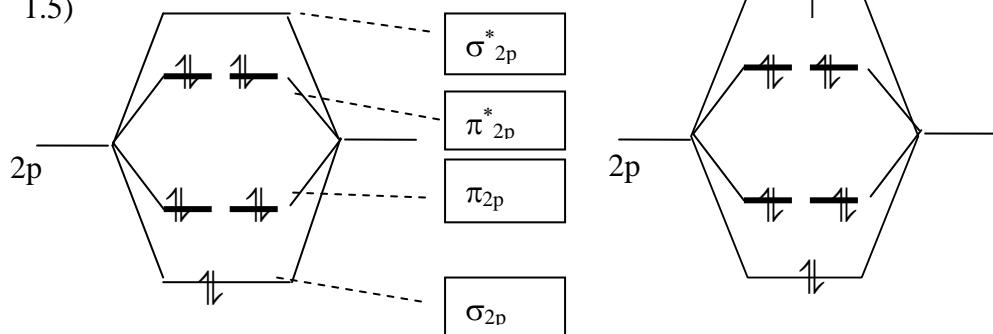
1.1) F_2 -1.6, F_2^- - 1.1,1.3

1.2) F atom -3.4, F_2 molecule - 3.0,3.2

1.3) $\text{F}_2:$ -1.4 $\text{F}_2^-:$ -1.9

1.4) 4.15

1.5)



F_2

1.6) F_2 - 1.0 F_2^- - 0.5

1.7) F_2^-

1.8) $I_1 = 18.9 \text{ eV}$ $I_2 = 15.6 \text{ eV}$

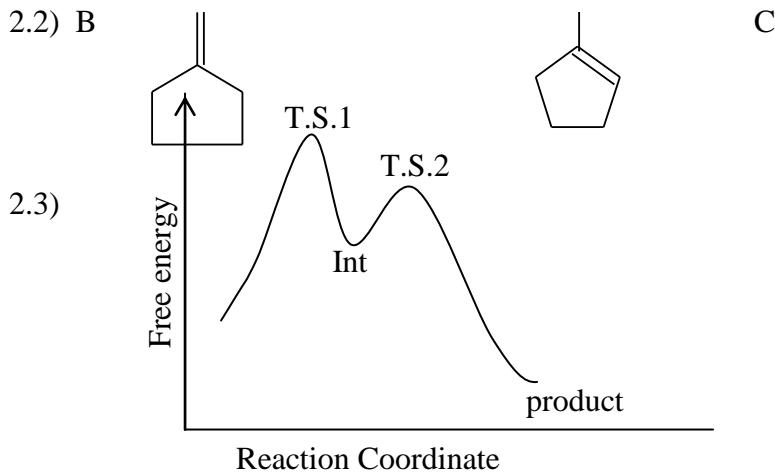
1.9) $I_1 = \pi_{2\text{p}}^*$ $I_2 = \pi_{2\text{p}}$

F_2^-

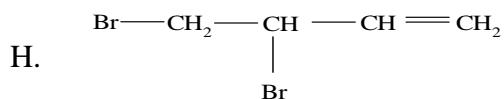
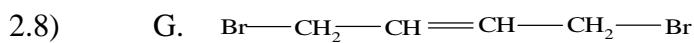
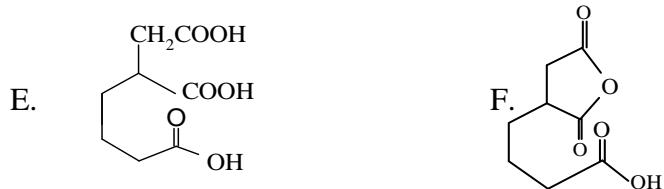
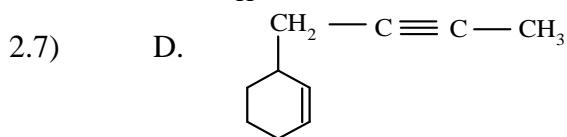
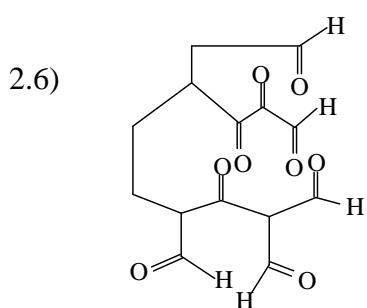
Question No. 2

Subdivisions

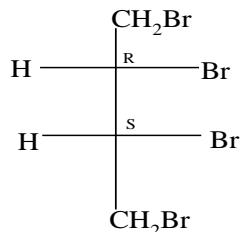
- 2.1) a) Z-5-methyl hex-2-en-1-al
 b) Z-2-methyl-1-phenyl hept-1-en-6-yne



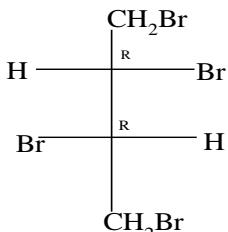
- 2.3)
- 2.4) i) E
 ii) D
 iii) E
- 2.5) a) iv b) iii c) ii d) v e) i



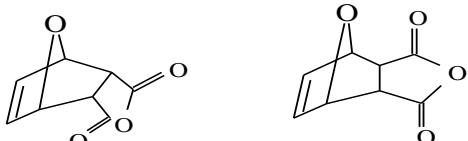
I.



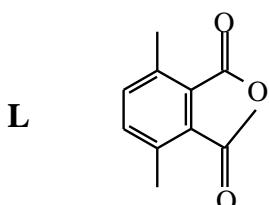
J.



2.9)

**K**

2.10)

**Question No. 3****Subdivisions**

3.1)

i) aromatic

iv) yes

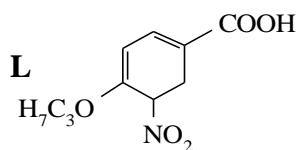
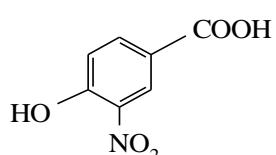
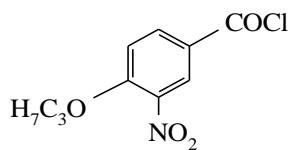
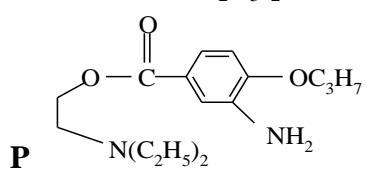
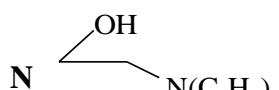
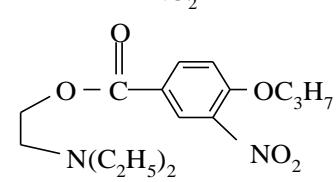
ii) aromatic

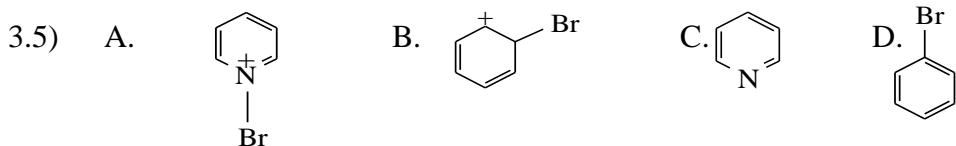
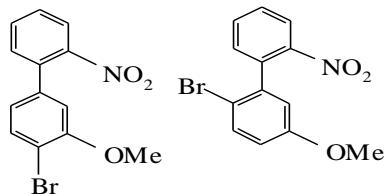
v) acidic



vi) a)

3.2) I < III < II

3.3) **K****M****O**



3.6) iv.

Question No. 4

Subdivisions

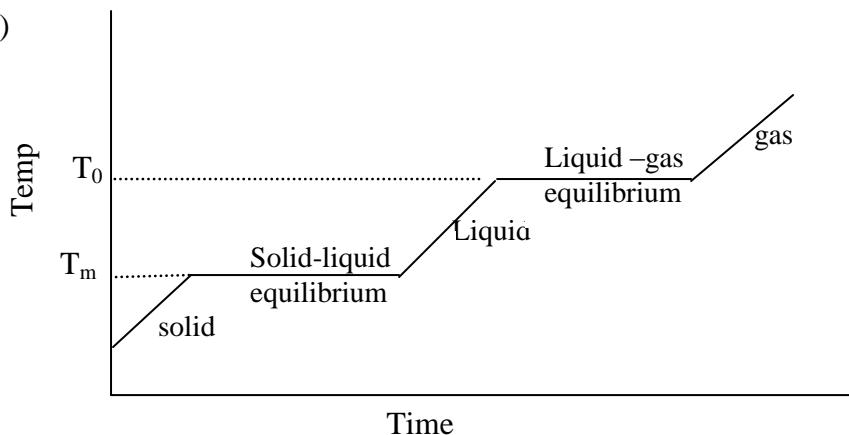
- 4.1) 8.17×10^{-8} bar
- 4.2) 304 K
- 4.3) 641.02 K
- 4.4) Yes the reaction will proceed towards NOCl
- 4.5) Rate = $k [\text{NO}]^2 [\text{Cl}_2]$
- 4.6) $E_a = 98.82$ kJ / mol
- 4.7) Mechanism I and II both are possible.
- 4.8) Extent of the reaction = 0.1
- 4.9) Extent of the reaction at completion = 0. 195

Question No. 5

Subdivisions

- 5.1) a.
- 5.2) b.
- 5.3)
 - $X_1 \rightarrow$ Solid phase
 - $X_2 \rightarrow$ Solid –Liquid equilibrium phase
 - $X_3 \rightarrow$ Liquid – Gas equilibrium phase
 - $X_4 \rightarrow$ Gas Phase

5.4)



5.5) b

5.6) Volume will increase on melting

5.7) Single Phase system called Supercritical Fluid

5.8) c

$$p_1 = \chi_1 \cdot p_1^\circ = (1 - \chi_2) p_1^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow p_1^\circ - p_1 = \chi_2 \cdot p_1^\circ \text{ or}$$

$$\Delta p_1 = \chi_2 p_1^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta p_1 / p_1^\circ = \chi_2$$

5.10) 56

5.11) a. $nA = A_n$

$$[A] = \sqrt[n]{KC_2}$$

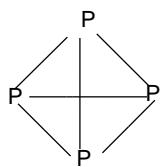
b.

$$K_D = \frac{C_1}{\sqrt[n]{C_2}}$$

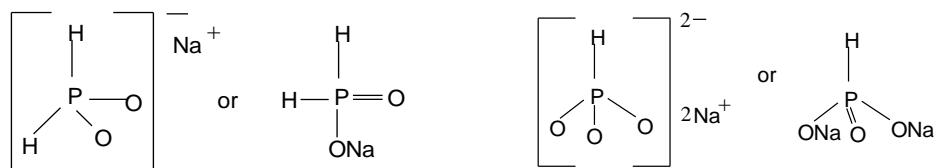
Question No. 6

Subdivisions

6.1)



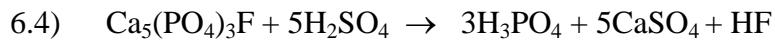
6.3) a.



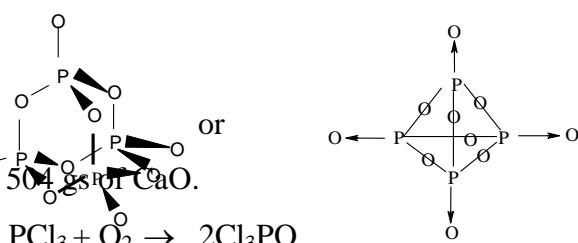
b. hypophosphite-reducing agent

phosphate-reducing agent

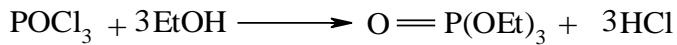
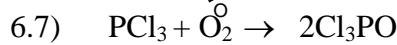
c. They are reducing agents due to presence of P-H bond and lower oxidation state of P



6.5)



6.6) $5\text{CaO} + \text{P}_4\text{O}_{10} \rightarrow 2\text{Ca}_5\text{P}_3\text{O}_{10}$ or $5\text{CaO} + \text{P}_4\text{O}_{10} \rightarrow 5\text{CaO}\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$

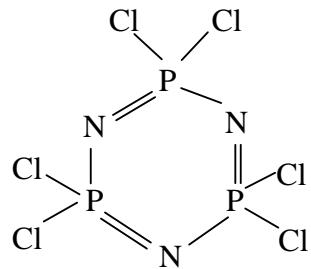
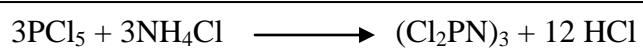


6.8)

	3s	3p	3d
Ground state			
Excited State			

Or trigonal bipyramidal

6.9)



Question No. 7

Subdivisions

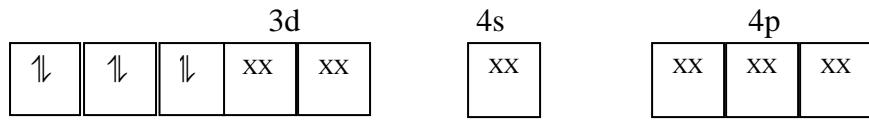
7.1) Co^{3+} : $3d^6 4s^0$

7.2) A Pink: $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_5 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}] \text{Cl}_3$: Pentaamine aqua cobalt(III)chloride

B Purple: $[\text{CoCl}(\text{NH}_3)_5] \text{Cl}_2$: Pentaamine chlorocobalt(III)chloride

7.3)

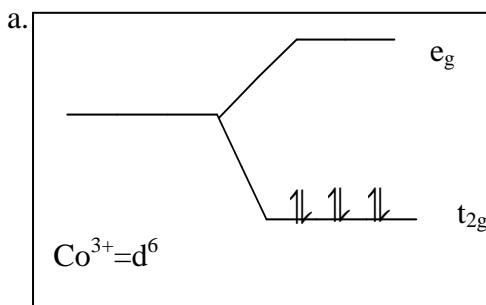
$$\text{Co}^{3+} = 3d^6$$



d^2sp^3 hybridisation

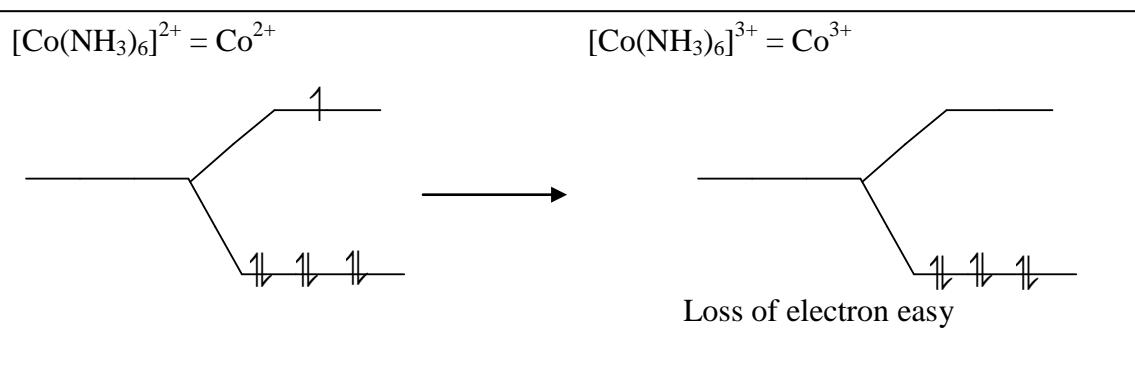
Octahedral

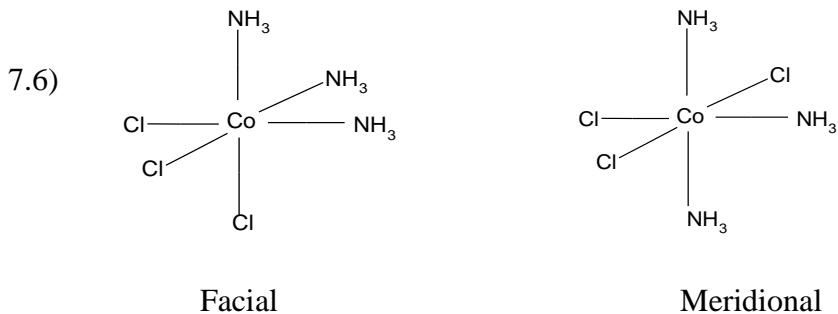
7.4)



b. diamagnetic.

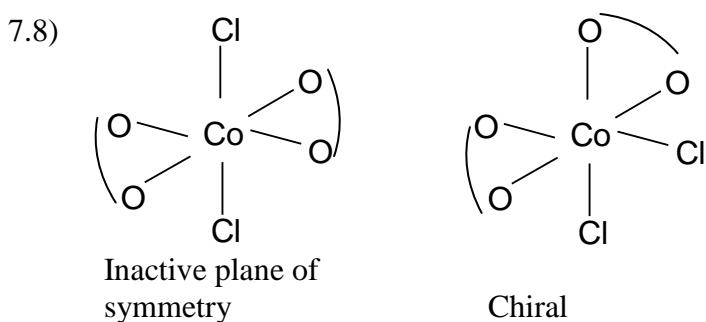
7.5)





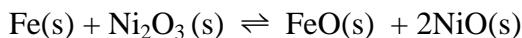
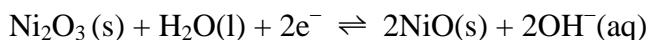
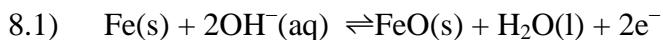
7.7) Facial isomer - one peak due to ammonia (with all similar environments)

Meridional isomer – two peaks



Question No. 8

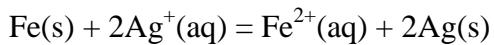
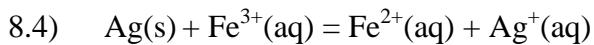
Subdivisions



8.2) iii.

8.3) $E^0_{\text{cell}} = 0.83633 \text{ V}$

$E_{\text{cell}} = 0.80283 \text{ V}$



8.5) $K = 2.97$

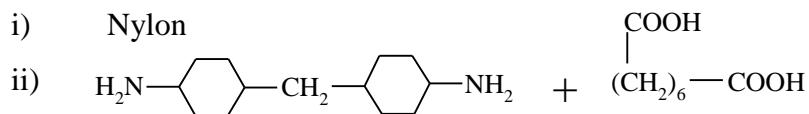
$[\text{Fe}^{3+}] = 0.01$

Question No. 9

Subdivisions



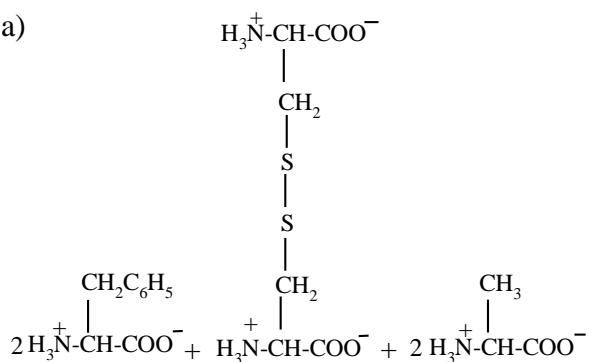
9.2) i) Nylon



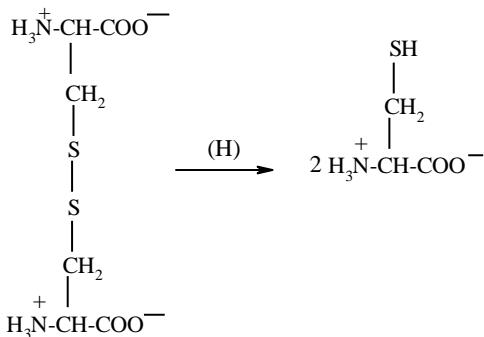
9.3)

Peptide	Nature			Charge		
	Acidic	Basic	Neutral	Positive	Negative	Zero
Gly-Leu-Val			X			X
Leu-Trp-Lys-Gly-Lys		X		X		
Arg-Ser-Val		X		X		

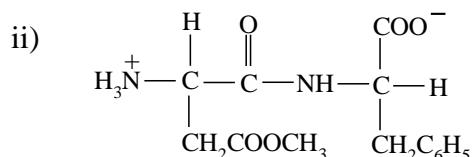
9.4) a)



b)



9.5) i) 4



9.6) **A** – aspartic acid

B – alanine

C- arginine