

Problem 1

20 Marks

Lead Acid Batteries

Part A: Electrochemical processes in a lead acid cell

1.1

Reaction at Cathode: $\text{PbO}_{2(s)} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 4 \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + 2\text{e}^- \rightarrow \text{PbSO}_{4(s)} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
 Reaction at Anode: $\text{Pb}_{(s)} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{PbSO}_{4(s)} + 2\text{e}^-$
 Overall discharge reaction: $\text{Pb}_{(s)} + \text{PbO}_{2(s)} + 2 \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 4 \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \text{PbSO}_{4(s)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
 $E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = 2.05 \text{ V}$

(1.5 marks)

1.2

$\Delta H^{\circ}_{\text{rxn}} = -315.7 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
 $\Delta G^{\circ}_{\text{rxn}} = -395.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

(2.5 marks)

1.3

a) 79.9 KJ mol^{-1}

(1 mark)

b) Fraction obtained from the surrounding = 0.2 (or 1/5 or 20%)

(1 mark)

1.4

$$E = E^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{2F} \ln \frac{[\alpha_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}]^2}{[\alpha_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}]^2 [\alpha_{\text{H}^+}]^4} = E^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{F} \ln \frac{[\alpha_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}]}{[\alpha_{\text{SO}_4^{2-}}] [\alpha_{\text{H}^+}]^2}$$

(0.5 mark)

1.5

Drop in EMF: 0.16 V

(1.5 marks)

1.6

i, ii

(2 marks)

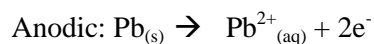
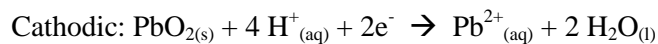
1.7

	Correct	Incorrect
a)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

	Correct	Incorrect
d)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
e)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(2.5 marks)

1.8



$$\text{Potential difference (open circuit voltage or EMF)} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = 1.59 \text{ V}$$

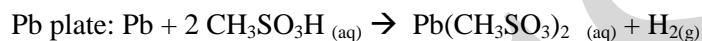
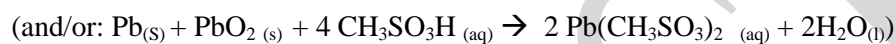
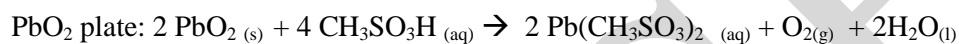
(1.5 marks)

1.9

	True	False
a.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

(1.5 marks)

1.10



(2 marks)

1.11

A: $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$ B: PbCO_3
--

(1 mark)

1.12

MW of C = 60 g.mol^{-1}
C: CH_3COOH

(1 mark)

1.13

X: PbI_2

(0.5 mark)

Problem 2

25 marks

When Rain meets the Soil

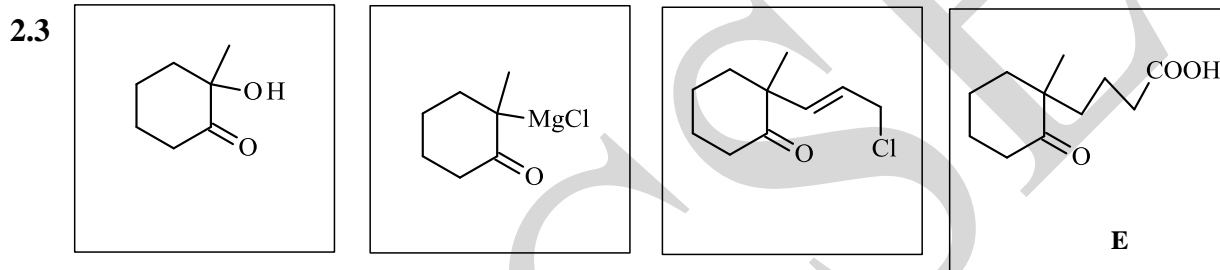
Part I: The fragrance of soil

2.1 Amount of C = 0.359 g
Percentage of C = 79%

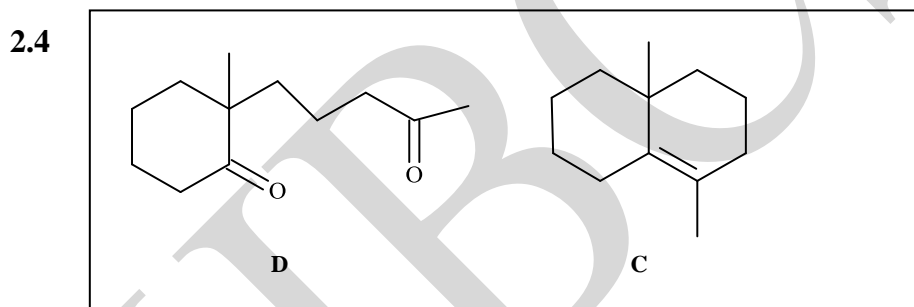
(1 mark)

2.2 Empirical formula: $C_{12}H_{22}O$

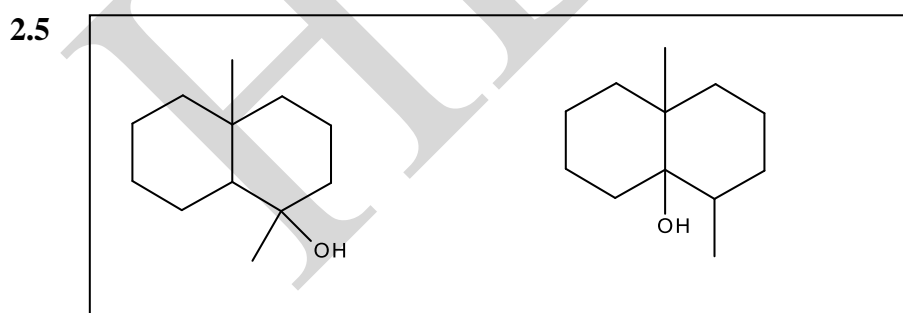
(3 marks)



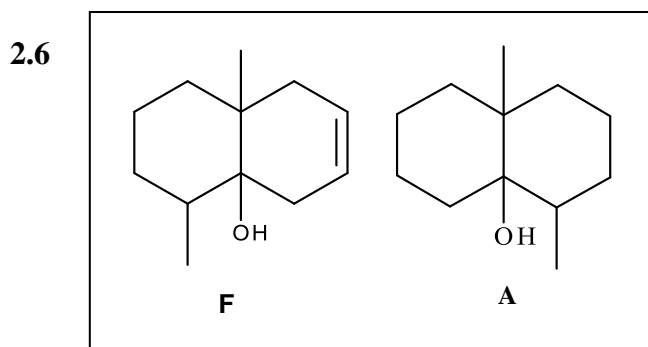
(3 marks)



(2 marks)

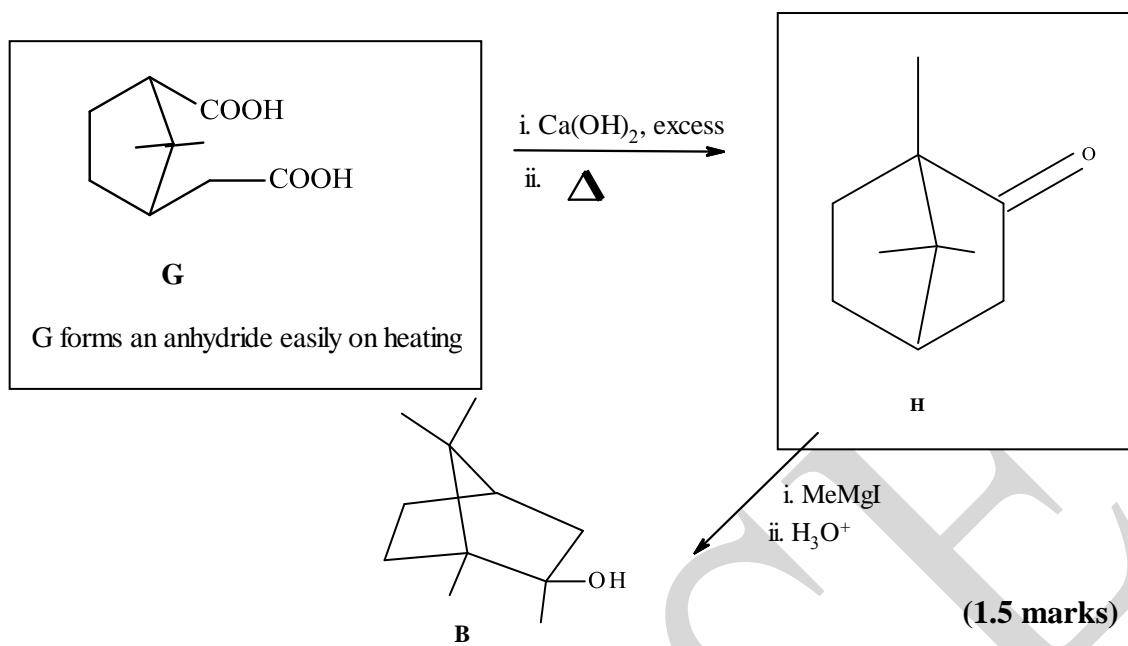


(1 mark)



(2 marks)

2.7



2.8

a) $\text{pH} = 9-7 ; 5-3$

(1 mark)

b) 63.3 mL of 0.03 M H_2SO_4

(1mark)

c) i)

(0.5 mark)

2.9

$\text{pH} = 9.86$

(3 marks)

2.10

Vol of 0.03 M $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 = 0.45 \text{ mL}$

(3.5 marks)

2.11

b.

(0.5 mark)

2.12

b

(0.5 mark)

2.13

i)

ii)

iii)

(1.5 marks)

Problem 3

21 Marks

Hydrogen Bonding and Water of Crystallization

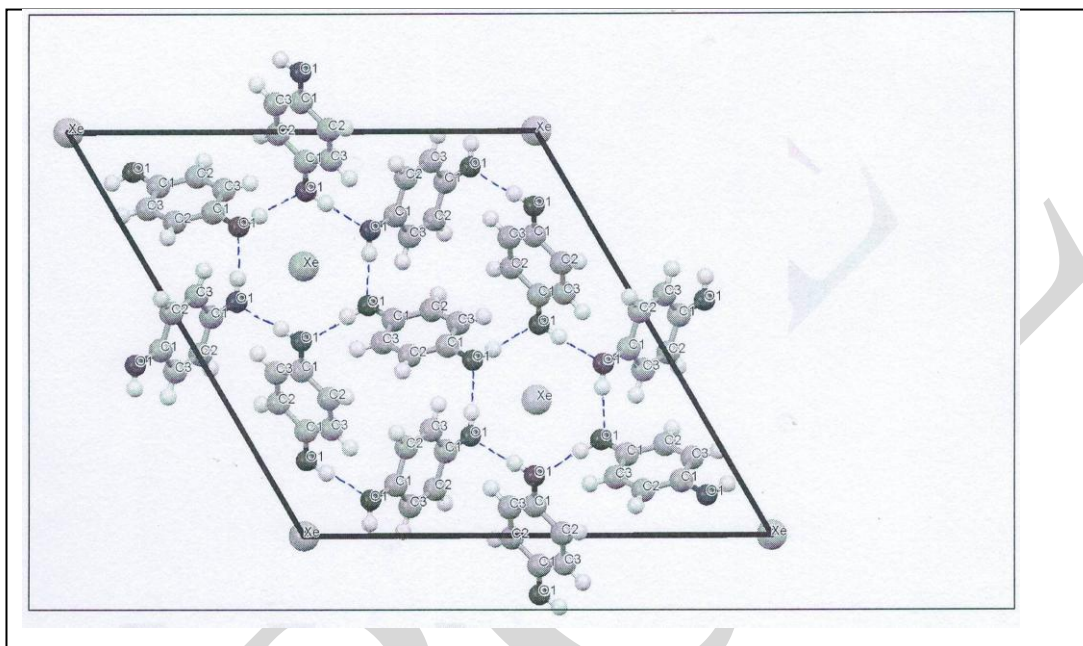
Part 1

3.1 (a)

(c)

(1.5 marks)

3.2



(1 mark)

3.3

In unit cell
p - quinol molecules = 9
 Xe atoms = 3 atoms

(3 marks)

3.4

Density = 1,778 kg m⁻³

(3 marks)

3.5

Volume = 93.1 cm³

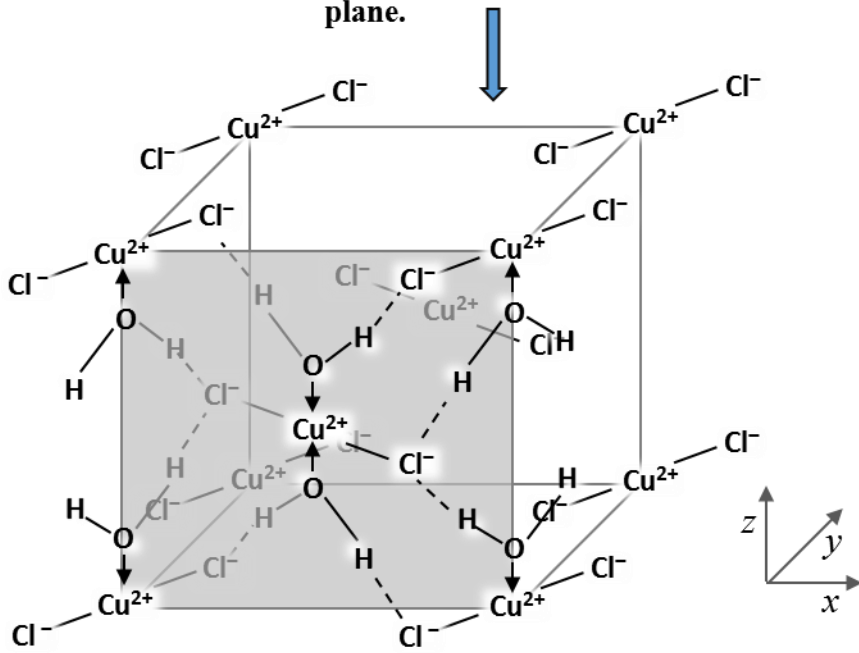
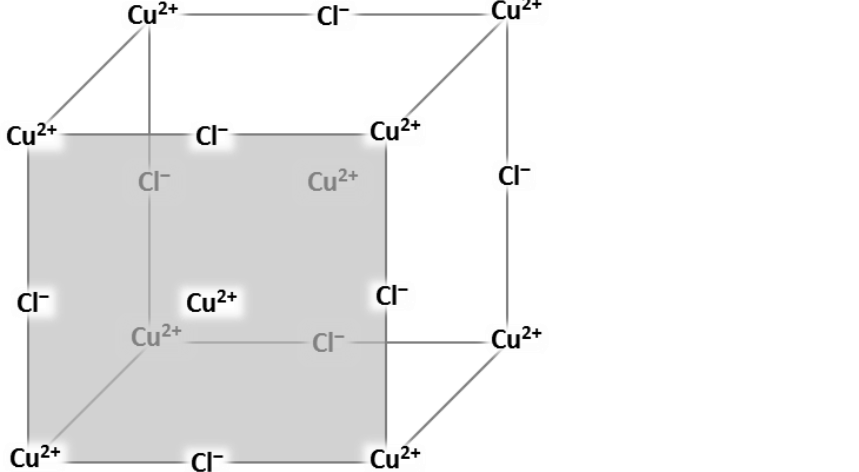
(2.5 marks)

3.6

(i)

(1 mark)

3.7

Framework	Reason/s for impossible framework wherever applicable
<p style="text-align: center;">Similarly, there would be H₂O molecules in the back plane.</p> 	
	<p>III</p>

	<p>I</p>
	<p>II</p>

(6 marks)

3.8

$$\Delta H_{\text{sol}} = 37.55 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

(2 marks)

3.9

21.36 kg anhydrous CuCl_2

(1 mark)

Problem 4

19 Marks

Lignin

4.1 In the above structure of lignin, identify the functional groups present. (Mark **X** against the correct option/s)

a) **X**

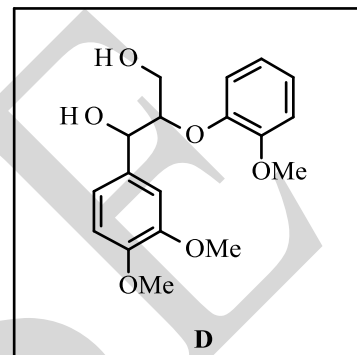
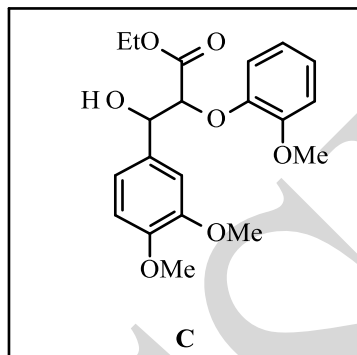
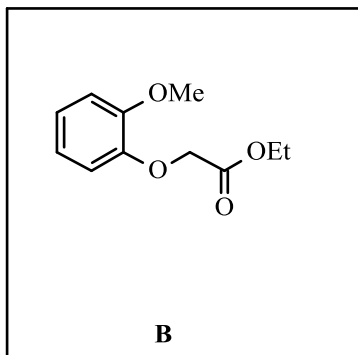
b) **X**

c) **X**

f) **X**

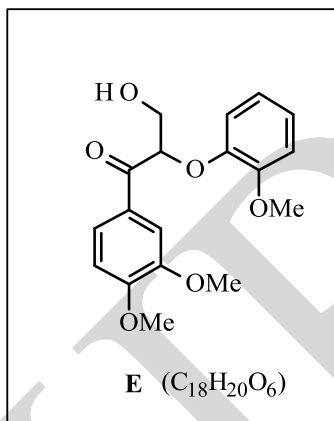
(1 mark)

4.2



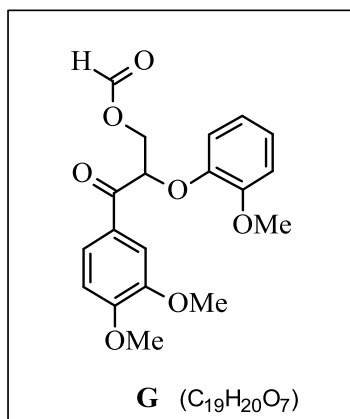
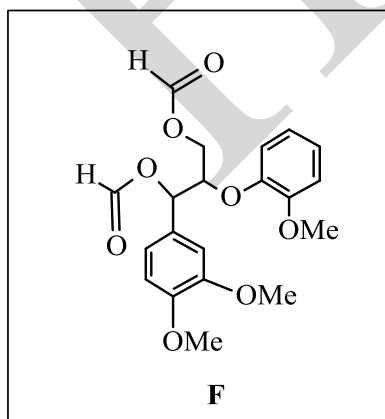
(2.5 marks)

4.3



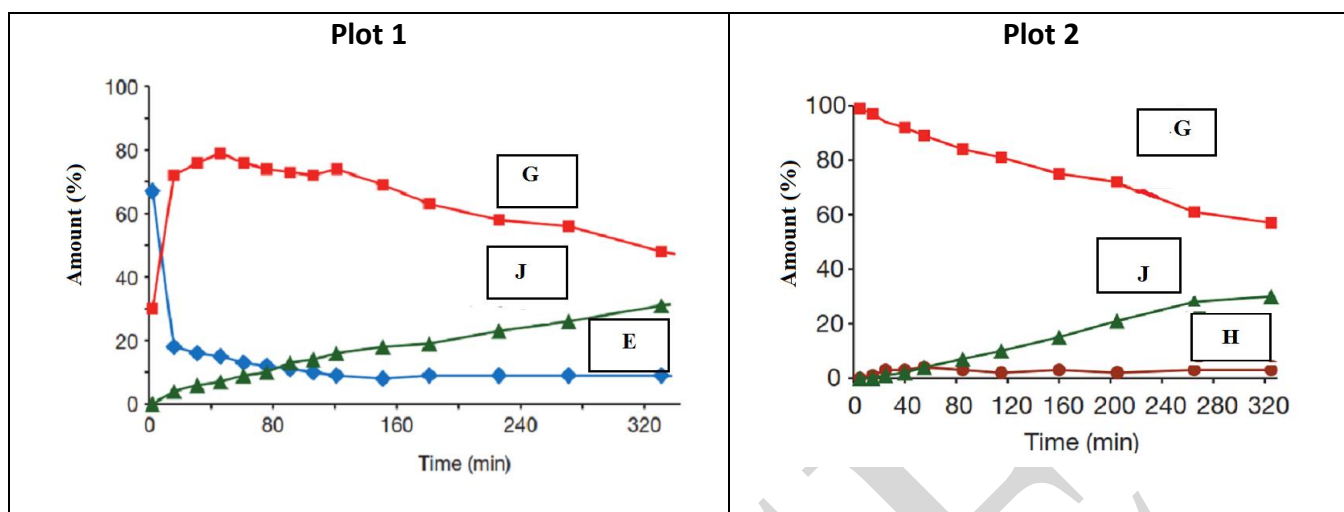
(1 mark)

4.4



(1 mark)

4.5



(2 marks)

4.6 iv) X

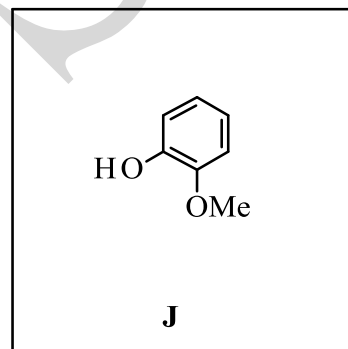
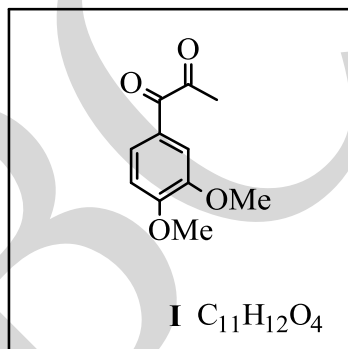
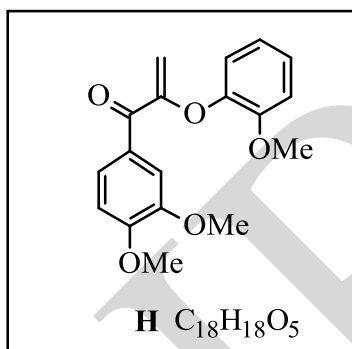
(1 mark)

4.7 b) X

c) X

(1.5 marks)

4.8



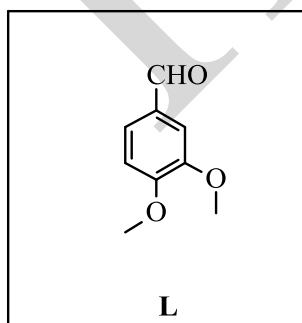
(3 marks)

4.9 b) X

c) X

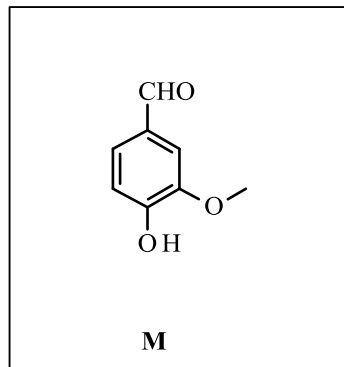
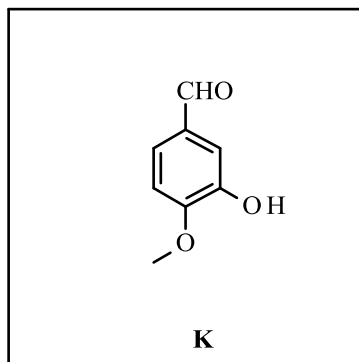
(2 marks)

4.10



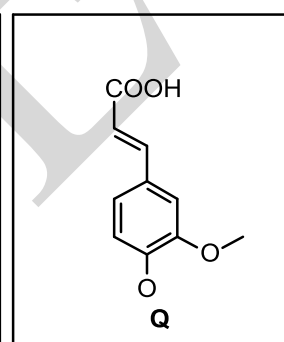
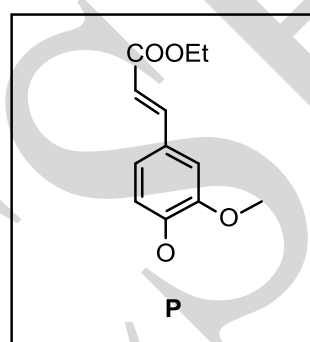
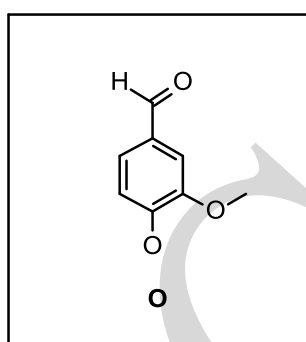
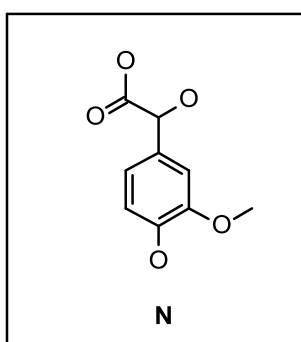
(0.5 mark)

4.11



(1 mark)

4.12



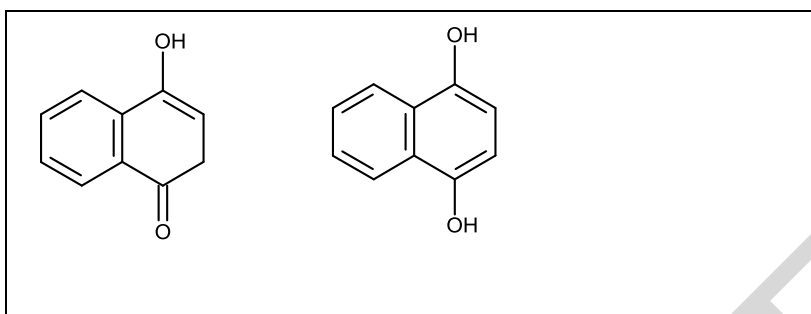
(2.5 marks)

Problem 5

22 marks

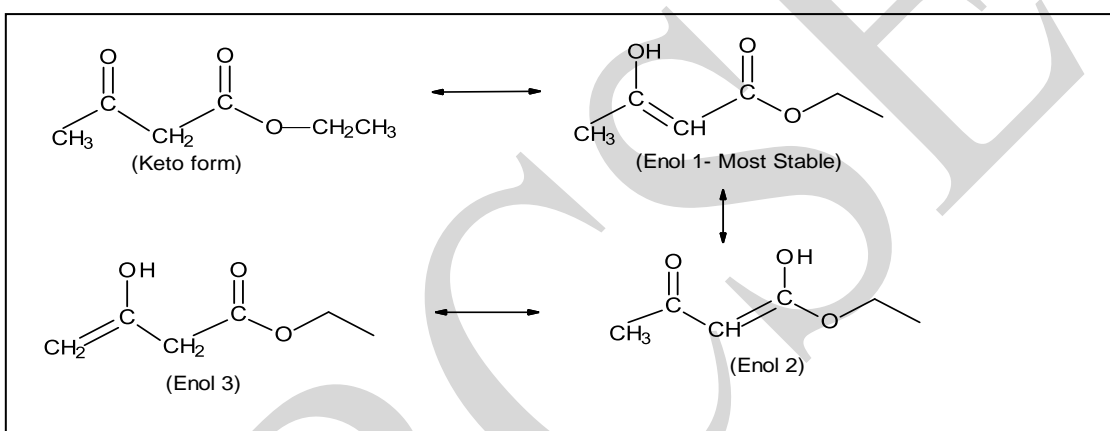
Keto-Enol Tautomerism: Kinetics and Thermodynamics

5.1



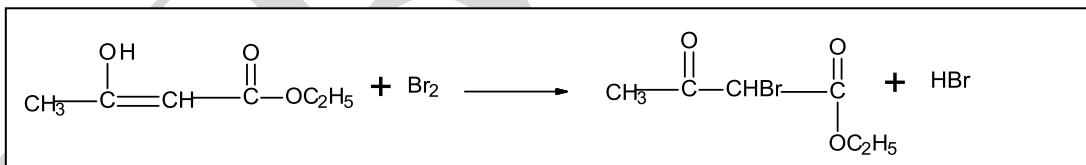
(1 mark)

5.2



(2.5 marks)

5.3



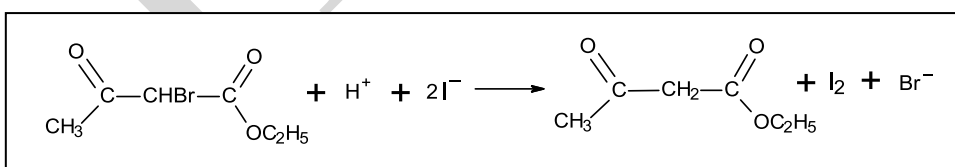
(1 mark)

5.4

 ii) X

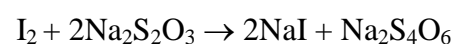
(1 mark)

5.5



(1 mark)

5.6



(0.5 mark)

5.7

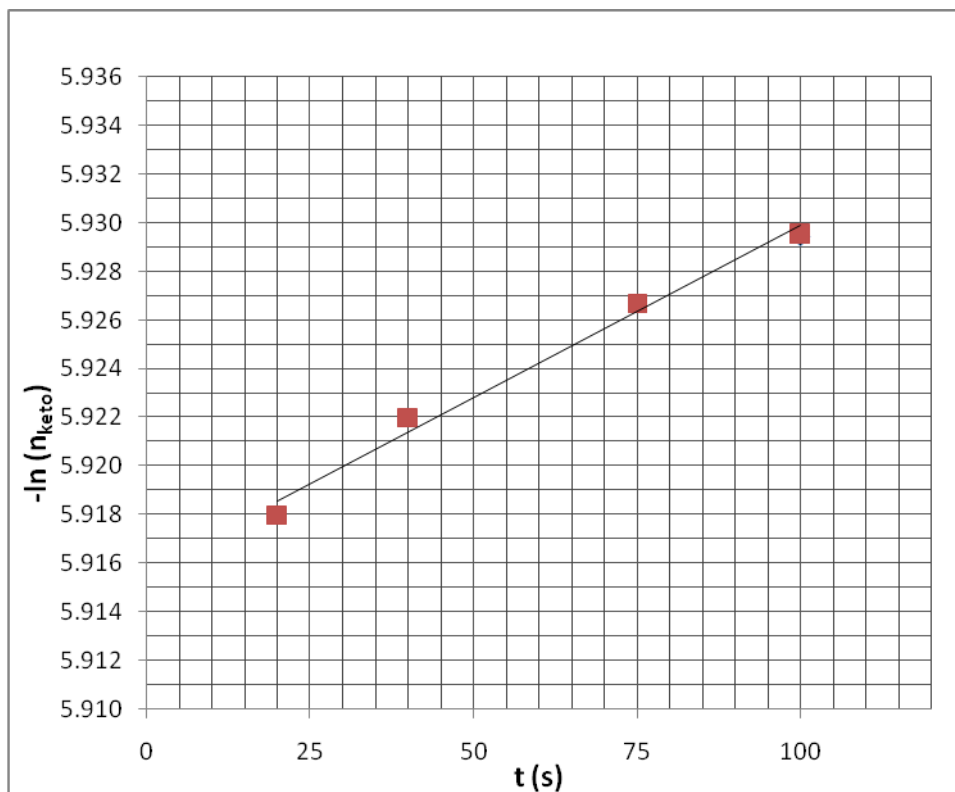
Flask A: Moles of ketone = 2.69×10^{-3} mol

Flasks B: Moles of ketone = 2.68×10^{-3} mol

Flasks C: Moles of ketone = 2.66×10^{-3} mol

(3 marks)

5.8



a. Order = 1

b. $K_{\text{eq}} = 0.06911$

(4 marks)

5.9

$$\Delta S^0 = -0.0348 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta H^0 = -3.69 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

(3 marks)

5.10

(ii) X

(0.5 mark)

5.11

$$t = 1.08 \text{ hr}$$

(4.5 marks)